

# **SPEED TOUCH**

## **350i**

### **User's Guide**



Status Released

Change Note BD F aa 32433

**Short Title** CD–UG AST350Series

All rights reserved. Passing on and copying of this document, use and communication of its contents not permitted without written authorization from Alcatel.

# Contents

<b>1</b>	<b>Speed Touch Installation Guide .....</b>	<b>11</b>
1.1	Get Acquainted with your Speed Touch .....	12
1.2	Speed Touch Installation .....	15
1.2.1	AST350i Wiring .....	16
1.2.2	AST350i Power On/Off Behaviour .....	19
<b>2</b>	<b>Speed Touch Configuration Guide .....</b>	<b>21</b>
2.1	Check your PC Configuration .....	22
2.2	Check your SP's Service Offerings .....	23
2.3	Speed Touch Configuration .....	24
2.3.1	AST350i Web Interface Access .....	25
2.3.2	AST350i Packet Services .....	27
2.3.3	Transparent Bridging Packet Service Configuration .....	29
2.3.4	Bridged PPPoE Packet Service Configuration .....	30
2.3.5	PPPoA-to-PPTP Relaying Packet Service Configuration .....	31
2.3.6	Advanced AST350i Configuration .....	33
<b>3</b>	<b>Configuration – Bridging and Bridged PPPoE .....</b>	<b>37</b>
<b>4</b>	<b>Configuration – PPPoA-to-PPTP Relaying .....</b>	<b>39</b>
4.1	MS Windows 98 Dial-Up Networking .....	40
4.1.1	Create a New Dial-Up Networking Icon .....	41
4.1.2	Opening and Closing a Dial-Up Session .....	44
4.2	PPPoA/PPTP Configuration .....	46
<b>5</b>	<b>Networking – ATM .....</b>	<b>49</b>
5.1	The ATM Packet Switching Technology .....	50
5.2	The Speed Touch Phonebook .....	52
5.3	AutoPVC .....	54
<b>6</b>	<b>Networking Services – IP, DHCP and DNS .....</b>	<b>55</b>
6.1	Packet Services and IP .....	56
6.1.1	Transparent Bridging .....	57
6.1.2	PPPoA-to-PPTP Relaying .....	58
6.2	Speed Touch Addresses .....	59
6.3	Speed Touch DHCP .....	61
6.4	Speed Touch DNS .....	64

<b>7</b>	<b>Maintenance – Speed Touch Software .....</b>	<b>67</b>
<b>8</b>	<b>Maintenance – Speed Touch Password .....</b>	<b>71</b>
<b>9</b>	<b>Maintenance – Speed Touch To-Defaults .....</b>	<b>73</b>
9.1	Ping-of-Life .....	74
9.2	Speed Touch Reset .....	76
9.2.1	Browse-to-Defaults .....	77
9.2.2	Ping-to-Defaults .....	78
9.2.3	Switch-to-Defaults .....	79
	<b>Abbreviations .....</b>	<b>83</b>
<b>AppendixA</b>	<b>Speed Touch Troubleshooting .....</b>	<b>85</b>
<b>AppendixB</b>	<b>Speed Touch Specifications .....</b>	<b>87</b>
<b>AppendixC</b>	<b>Speed Touch Default Assignments .....</b>	<b>93</b>
<b>AppendixD</b>	<b>Safety and Agency Regulatory Notices .....</b>	<b>97</b>

---

# Alcatel Speed Touch 350i

## Introduction

---



---

The **Alcatel Speed Touch™350i** Ethernet ADSL modem for ISDN provides high-speed access to the Internet for fastidious home users.

For optimal Local Area Network (LAN) performance the **Alcatel Speed Touch™350i** includes a comprehensive set of features, as there are static IP routing, a DHCP server and DNS server.

---

---

**ADSL/ISDN** This document describes the **Alcatel's Speed Touch™350i** Asymmetric Digital Subscriber Line (ADSL) modem, connecting to a digital ISDN(\*) line (compliant to ETSI and ITU standards).

(\*) Integrated Services Digital Network (ISDN)

---

**Terminology** For readability, the **Alcatel Speed Touch™350i** product will be referred to as **AST350i** in this User's Guide.

---

**Safety instructions** Prior to connecting the **Alcatel Speed Touch™350i**, read the Safety Instructions in appendix D.



---

The following words and symbols mark special messages throughout this document:

**WARNING:** indicates that failure to follow the directions could cause bodily harm or loss of life.

**CAUTION:** indicates that failure to follow the directions could result in damage to equipment or loss of information.

---

**Trademarks** The following trademarks are used in this document:

- ▶ Speed Touch™ is a trademark of the Alcatel Company
- ▶ Netscape® and Netscape Navigator® are registered trademarks of Netscape Communications Corporation
- ▶ Windows™ and Internet Explorer™ are trademarks of Microsoft Corporation
- ▶ Apple® and Mac® OS are registered trademarks of Apple Computer Inc.
- ▶ UNIX® is a registered trademark of UNIX System Laboratories, Inc.
- ▶ Ethernet™ is a trademark of Xerox Corporation.

Other products may be trademarks or registered trademarks of their respective manufacturers.

---

**Service Provider** For readability, the term Service Provider (SP) will be used to designate all organizations which provide either DSL connectivity, Internet access or Corporate access, for example an Internet Service Provider (ISP).

---

**PC, workstation, terminal, ...** For readability, PC will refer to all involved computer devices which are able to interact with the **AST350i**, i.e. Personal Computer (PC), Macintosh computer, workstation, (remote) terminal, etc.

---

**Disclaimer** All examples throughout this User's Guide refer to :

- ▶ "Net 10" IP addresses for local network configurations
- ▶ VPI 0 or VPI 8 to identify the Virtual Path (VP) on the DSL line.

However, your SP might prefer other values.

---

**User's Guide updates** Due to the continuous evolution of the Alcatel DSL technology, existing products are regularly upgraded. Alcatel documentation changes accordingly.

For more information on the newest technological changes and documents, please consult the Alcatel web site at following Uniform Resource Locator (URL):

*<http://www.alcatel.com>*

*<http://www.alcateldsl.com>*

---





---

# **Alcatel Speed Touch™ 350i**

## **Quick Guide**

---



# 1 Speed Touch Installation Guide

---

**Aim of this Quick Guide** Use this chapter to quickly connect your **AST350i**.

---

**In this chapter**

Topic	See
Get Acquainted with your <b>AST350i</b>	1.1
<b>AST350i</b> Installation	1.2

---

## 1.1 Get Acquainted with your Speed Touch

---

**Delivery check** Check your **AST350i** package for the following items:

- ▶ The **Alcatel Speed Touch™ 350i**
- ▶ 1 Power supply adapter with 2m (6.56ft.) connecting cable
- ▶ 2m Ethernet straight-through cable (RJ45/RJ45)
- ▶ 2m DSL cable (RJ11/RJ11, RJ14/RJ14)
- ▶ This User's Guide, either in hard copy format or on CD-rom.

---

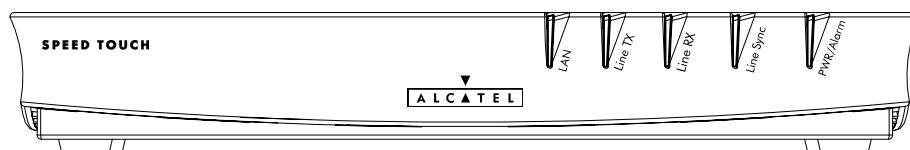
**Damaged or missing items** In the event of damaged or missing items, contact your local product dealer for further instructions.

---

**Other materials** Your **AST350i** shipping carton may also include release notes, safety and conformity declarations and other materials.

---

**The AST350i** The **AST350i** is presented in a slim line box:

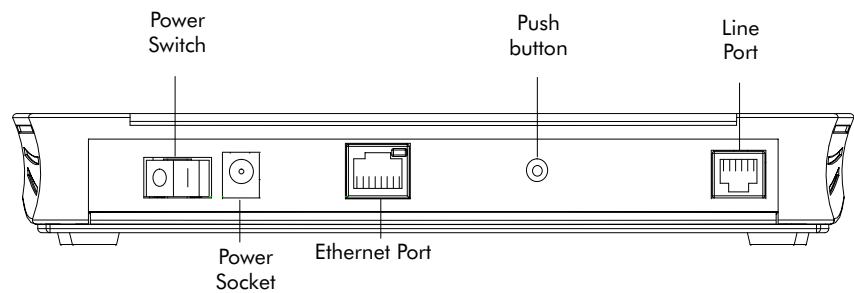


**Five front panel LEDs** The **AST350i** is equipped with 5 LEDs on its front panel, indicating the state of the device:

Indicator			Description
Name	Color	State	
LAN	Green	Flashing	Data is flowing from/to the Ethernet port.
		Off	No activity on the Ethernet port.
Line TX	Green	Flashing	ATM cells are being sent over the DSL line.
		Off	No transmission activity.
Line RX	Green	Flashing	ATM cells are being received via the DSL line.
		Off	No reception activity.
Line Sync	Green	Flashing	During initialization of the DSL line.
		On	DSL line synchronization achieved.
PWR/Alarm	Green	On	Power on, normal operation.
	Amber	On	Power on, start-up failed.
	Red	Flashing	Power on, POST(*) pending.
		On	Power on, POST(*) failed.

(\*) Power On Self Test (POST)

**Back panel layout** The **AST350i** features the following back panel:

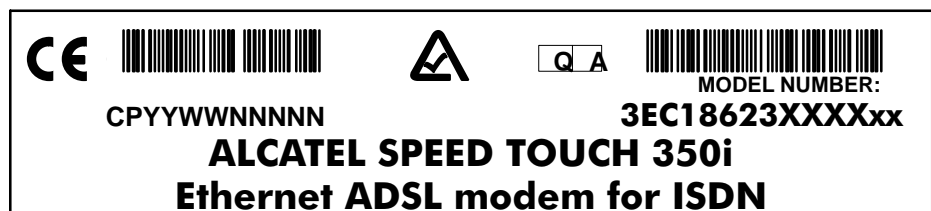
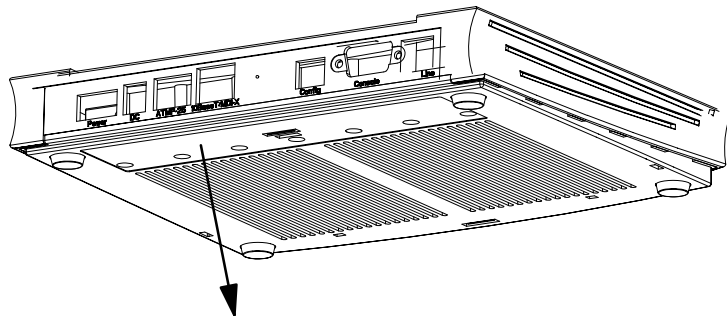


- Back panel parts**
- ▶ The ADSL/ISDN(\*) "Line" port
  - ▶ The "Defaults" push button
  - ▶ The "10Base-T MDI-X" Ethernet port
  - ▶ The "DC" power socket
  - ▶ The power switch.

See section 1.2 for more information.

(\*) Integrated Services Digital Network (ISDN)

**Identify your variant** You can identify the **AST350i** via the marking label on the bottom:



Make sure you are using an ADSL/ISDN modem for connectivity.

## 1.2 Speed Touch Installation

---

**Aim of this section** Use this section to install your **AST350i**.

---

**In this section**

Topic	See
<b>AST350i</b> Wiring	1.2.1
<b>AST350i</b> Power On/Off Behaviour	1.2.2

---

## 1.2.1 AST350i Wiring

- What you need** The appropriate DSL service must be available at your local premises:
- ▶ ADSL service must be enabled on your ISDN telephone line.
  - ▶ As both telephone and ADSL service are simultaneously available from the same copper pair, you need a central splitter or distributed filters for decoupling ADSL and telephone signals.

Contact your SP for more information.

To use the Ethernet port you need at least:

- ▶ One PC with an Ethernet 10Base-T PC-Network Interface Card (NIC) installed
- ▶ For local networking, a 10Base-T hub and the necessary connection cables.

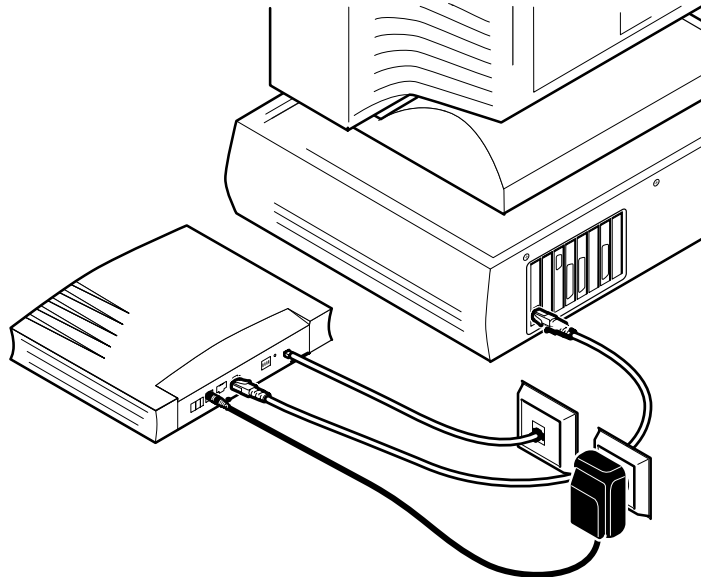
- Wiring procedure** Proceed as follows:
- 1.** Use the included LAN cable to wire your PC's Ethernet port to **AST350i's** Ethernet interface.
  - 2.** Use the included DSL cable to wire the **AST350i's** Line port to your DSL wall outlet.
  - 3.** Plug the adapter's coaxial jack into the **AST350i's** receptacle marked 'DC'.

**Note:** Firstly check whether the included mains adapter suits the local power specifications. If you are not sure of the regional power conditions, check the adapter's specifications in section B.2 and contact your local power company.

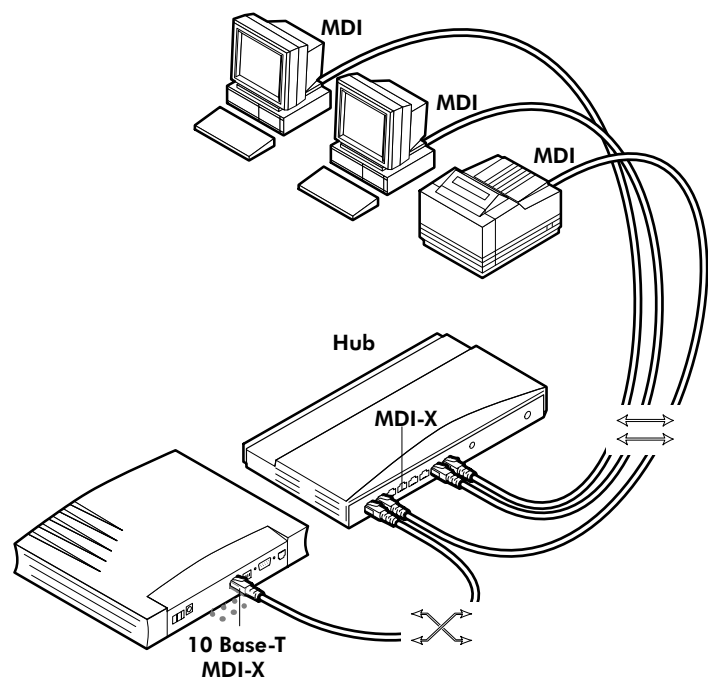


**Single PC wiring**

Once all connections are made the result should look similar as below:

**LAN wiring**

Using a hub you can connect multiple PCs to your **AST350i**:



### **MDI vs. MDI-X hub ports and the AST350i**

In the above figure an MDI-X port on the hub connects to the **AST350i**. Therefore, a crossover LAN cable is used.

**Note:** In case the hub's "uplink" port is used to wire the **AST350i** you can use the included straight-through LAN cable.

---



**CAUTION**

### **Cascading Repeating Hubs**

You may cascade up to four repeating hubs in your LAN (limitations of Repeating Ethernet V2.0/IEEE802.3 hubs). In case more hubs need to be cascaded, you must use switching hubs.

---



**CAUTION**

### **10Base-T Half Duplex Interfacing**

Make sure the 10Base-T port(s) of your PC(s) are configured for either Auto Negotiation or Half Duplex.

Never configure the 10Base-T Ports for Full-Duplex !

---

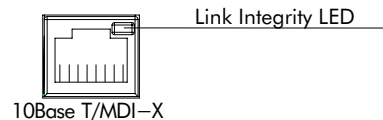
## 1.2.2 AST350i Power On/Off Behaviour

**Turn on your AST350i** Once all previous steps are completed, you can turn the **AST350i** on (I) or off (O) with the power switch.

**POST phases** As soon your **AST350i** is turned on, you can check the “PWR/Alarm” LED to see how the Power On Self Test (POST) progresses.

Phase	“PWR/Alarm” LED Indication	Description
1	Flashing red	POST pending
2	Solid amber	Start-up failed
	Solid red	POST failed
	Solid green	Normal operation

**Ethernet port LED** The Ethernet port on the back panel has a LED:



Indicator			Description
Name	Color	State	
Integrity	Green	Off	No connection on this port.
		On	Ethernet link up.

If the **AST350i** and other LAN device(s) are properly connected and powered on, the particular green LED lights up.



## 2 Speed Touch Configuration Guide

---

**Aim of this Quick Guide** Use this chapter to quickly configure your **AST350i** for Internet connectivity.

---

**In this chapter**

Topic	See
Check your PC configuration	2.1
Check your SP's Service Offerings	2.2
<b>AST350i</b> Configuration	2.3

---

## 2.1 Check your PC Configuration

- 
- PC requirements** This User's Guide presents typical configurations based on PC(s) with following basic configuration:
- ▶ The PC's Operating System (OS) supports the TCP/IP protocol suite
  - ▶ The PC is configured with a fixed "Net10" IP address (\*)
  - ▶ A Web browser is installed.
- (\*) The **AST350i** DHCP server is by default disabled.
- 

- Packet service requirements** Depending on the supported Packet Service(s) on the VC(s), the following additional requirements apply:
- ▶ In case of *Transparent Bridging*:
    - The SP might provide static IP address(es) for your PC(s) or require you to enable DHCP
  - ▶ In case of *Bridged PPPoE*:
    - A PPPoE session client application must be readily installed on your PC
  - ▶ In case of *PPPoA-to-PPTP Relaying*: a PPTP dial-in application(\*)
    - The PC's OS must support Point-to-Point Protocol (PPP) and Point-to-Point Tunneling Protocol (PPTP).  
**Note:** All Microsoft Windows OSs support PPP and PPTP.
    - A PPTP Dial-Up application must be installed on your PC.  
**Note:** All Microsoft Windows OSs have a PPTP Dial-Up application installed per default.
-

## 2.2 Check your SP's Service Offerings

### Service Offering

The SP provides at least the following information:

- ▶ The **VPI/VCI** of the Virtual Channel (VC) to use on the DSL line
- ▶ The **Packet Service** supported on this VC
- ▶ The **Encapsulation Method** (if different from the Connection Service's default encapsulation)
- ▶ User name and Password for your **User Account** (if needed).

Your **AST350i** supports multiple simultaneous VCs on the DSL line. If your SP exploits this capability, he will provide this information per VC.

#### Example 1:

- ▶ VPI/VCI = 0/35
- ▶ Packet Service = Transparent Bridging
- ▶ Encapsulation Method : Bridge default, i.e. LLC/SNAP

#### Example 2:

- ▶ VPI/VCI = 8/48
- ▶ Packet Service = PPPoA-to-PPTP Relaying (RFC2364 PPPoA)
- ▶ Encapsulation Method : pptp default, i.e. VC-MUX
- ▶ User name : John\_Doe
- ▶ Password for this User name : doejohn

### Packet Service configuration

As soon as you know the Packet Service supported on a VC, you can configure your **AST350i**, if needed.

Following combinations are possible:

Connection Service	Packet Service
RFC1483 Bridging	bridge – Transparent Bridging
	bridge – Bridged PPPoE (*)
RFC2364 PPPoA	pptp – Relayed PPPoA (**)

(\*) A PPPoE Client application must be installed on your PC.

(\*\*) A PPTP Dial-Up application must be installed on your PC.

## 2.3 Speed Touch Configuration

---

### In this section

Topic	See
<b>AST350i</b> Web Interface Access	2.3.1
<b>AST350i</b> Packet Services	2.3.2
Transparent Bridging Packet Service Configuration	2.3.3
Bridged PPPoE Packet Service Configuration	2.3.4
PPPoA-to-PPTP Relaying Packet Service Configuration	2.3.5
Advanced <b>AST350i</b> Configuration	2.3.6

---



## 2.3.1 AST350i Web Interface Access

**AST350i access** The **AST350i** features well chosen defaults. Therefore, in most cases no additional configuration is needed for immediate Internet connectivity.

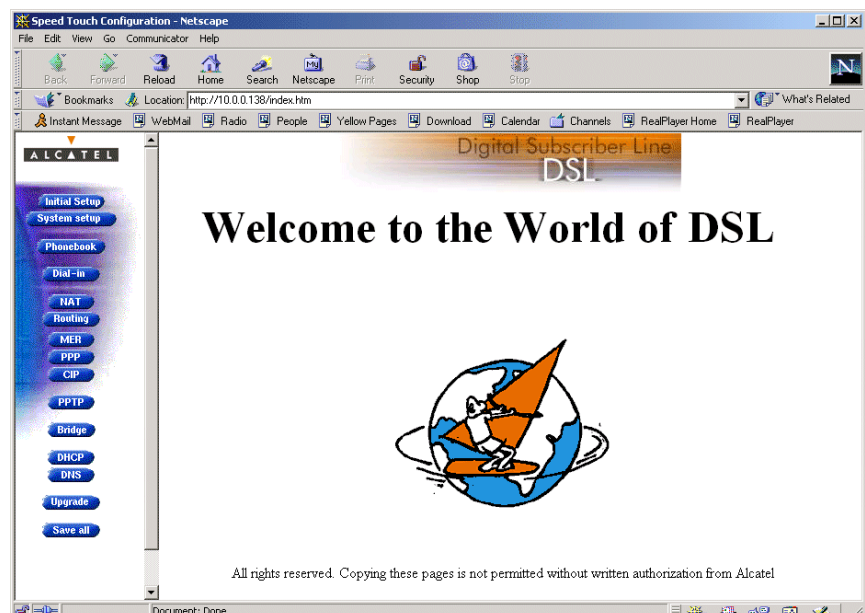
In exceptional cases additional or advanced configurations are desired, the **AST350i** offers a user-friendly web interface.

**Note:** You can also configure the **AST350i** through its Command Line Interface (CLI), accessible via a Telnet session.

### Accessing the AST350i

Proceed as follows:













1. Start the Web browser on your PC.
2. Contact the **AST350i** by entering one of the following:
  - The **AST350i** IP address (default 10.0.0.138)
  - The **AST350i** DNS hostname (default SpeedTouch.lan).
3. In case the **AST350i** is protected by a System Password an authentication window will pop up.  
Enter the system password in the 'Password' field.
4. As a result the 'Welcome to the World of DSL' page pops up:



**Menu frame components**

Each button on the left side of the **AST350i** pages represents a **AST350i** configuration page, yielding all configurational possibilities related to the menu subject.

Following buttons are available:

Click this button ...	To ...
	Return to the 'Welcome to the World of DSL' page.
	Configure user defined <b>AST350i</b> IP parameters.
	Set a System password Perform a <i>Browse-to-Defaults</i> .
	Overview the record of all possible, and existing ATM connections.
	Configure the <b>AST350i</b> IP settings.
	Configure the PPPoA-to-PPTP Relaying packet service.
	Configure the Bridging packet service. View Bridging MAC layer data.
	Configure the <b>AST350i</b> DHCP server/client.
	Configure the <b>AST350i</b> DNS server/client.
	Upgrade <b>AST350i</b> software.
	Save all changes made to persistent memory.
	Pop up the <b>AST350i</b> help pages.

**Note:** The following buttons have no functionality on the **AST350i**:

,  and .

## 2.3.2 AST350i Packet Services

---

### What is a packet service ?

Packet services are the core functions of the **AST350i**. They provide that frames or packets get forwarded from the LAN side towards the DSL line and vice versa.

---

### Three packet services

- ▶ Transparent Bridging
  - ▶ Bridged PPPoE
  - ▶ PPPoA-to-PPTP Relaying.
- 

### Multiprotocol

All examples in this User's Guide are based on the Internet Protocol (IP) suite.

However, the **AST350i** DSL modem is a true multiprotocol device: it can easily handle most other popular protocol suites

---

### Examples in this User's Guide

This User's Guide presents typical configurations, but as an experienced user you are free to experiment and to find an optimal configuration.

---

### Two access methods

- ▶ **Direct access**  
Once initial configuration is done, continuous and immediate access is available via the DSL line.  
For direct access use:
    - Transparent Bridging
  - ▶ **Dial-in access**  
In this mode access must be explicitly established, e.g. by "dialing" into a Remote Access Server (RAS).  
For dial-in access use either of:
    - Bridged PPPoE
    - PPPoA-to-PPTP Relaying.
-

**Transparent Bridging**

The **AST350i IEEE802.1D Transparent Bridging** packet service (further referred to as *Bridging*) offers complete protocol transparency and has inherent configuration simplicity. Yet it provides excellent forwarding performance.

---

**PPPoE**

PPPoE is one of two popular mechanisms to get in touch with the SP.

► **Bridged PPPoE**

By installing a PPPoE client application (provided by your SP) on your PC(s) and by using the **AST350i**'s bridge, connectivity can be established.

---

**PPPoA**

The other method to get in touch with the SP over the DSL line is PPPoA.

► **PPPoA-to-PPTP Relaying**

Similar to Bridged PPPoE this requires installation of a PPTP dial-in application (\*) on your PC(s).

(\*) Most popular OSs have a PPTP dial-in application installed, e.g. Microsoft Dial-Up Networking or support PPTP Tunneling software to be installed.

---

**Packet services resumé**

The **AST350i** packet services can be summarized as follows:

Port	Packet Service	User/VC	IP Address	Protocol
10Base-T	Bridging	n	1 per user	Multiprotocol
Ethernet	Bridged PPPoE	n	1 per user	Multiprotocol (*)
	PPPoA/PPTP	1	1 per user	Multiprotocol (*)

(\*) The supported protocol(s) depend on the provisioning by the session client application, e.g. IP, IPX and NETBEUI for Microsoft's Dial-Up Networking application for PPPoA-to-PPTP Relaying.

---

## 2.3.3 Transparent Bridging Packet Service Configuration

**Bridging configuration** Per default, following Bridging entry is preconfigured:

► **Br1** (Bridge on 8.35)

In case this Bridging entry does not meet your requirements, you can configure a new one as follows:

1. If needed, add a Bridging phonebook entry with the correct VPI/VCI on the 'Phonebook' page.
2. On the 'Bridge' page, select this phonebook entry from the 'Bridge Port' pop-down list.
3. For this entry, select the correct encapsulation method.
4. Click **Add** and **Save all** to finish the procedure.

---

### Using Bridging

Make sure your **AST350i** is turned on first.

Turn on your PC(s), start your Web browser and you are on the Internet.

Although the access method of the bridge is 'Always-on', the remote organization might ask for a user name and password.



---

### Transparent Bridging and DHCP

If the SP requires you to use DHCP on your local PC(s), you must disable the **AST350i** DHCP server.

This is to avoid conflicts between two DHCP servers.

---

### Detailed packet service use description

For more information on the configuration and use of the Bridging packet service, see chapter 3.

---

## 2.3.4 Bridged PPPoE Packet Service Configuration

---

### **Bridged PPPoE configuration**

As the Bridged PPPoE packet service implies nothing more than using the **AST350i** Transparent Bridging packet service, no specific configuration for Bridged PPPoE is required on the **AST350i**.

However, you may need to configure the *Transparent Bridging* packet service of the **AST350i** in order to meet the requirements of your SP regarding VC(s) and encapsulation.

For more information on the configuration of the Bridging packet service, see chapter 3.

---

### **Using Bridged PPPoE**

To use Bridged PPPoE, a PPPoE client must be installed on your PC. The SP will provide the PPPoE client software. Contact him for more information.

---

## 2.3.5 PPPoA-to-PPTP Relaying Packet Service Configuration

### PPPoA-to-PPTP Relaying configuration

Per default, following PPTP phonebook entries are available for PPPoA/PPTP connections:

- ▶ **RELAY\_PPP1** (PPTP on 8.48)
- ▶ **RELAY\_PPP2** (PPTP on 8.49)
- ▶ **RELAY\_PPP3** (PPTP on 8.50)
- ▶ **RELAY\_PPP4** (PPTP on 8.51)

In case these PPTP phonebook entries do not meet your requirements, you can configure a new one as follows:

1. If needed, add a PPTP phonebook entry with the correct VPI/VCI on the 'Phonebook' page.
2. On the 'PPTP' page, select this phonebook entry from the 'Name' pop-down list.
3. For this entry, select the correct encapsulation method.
4. Optionally, select the type of HDLC Framing.

**Note:** Only in very exceptional cases the default HDLC framing (Never) must be altered.

5. Click  and  to finish the procedure.

### Creating a PPTP connection icon

Most PPTP Tunneling applications provide a Graphical User Interface (GUI) guided procedure for the initial creation of a PPTP session icon.

The result of such creation is in most cases an icon or entry in a folder or a table called 'RAS', 'Dial-Up Networking', 'PPTP', 'Call sessions', 'Remote Access', etc.

**PPTP connection parameters**

During the initial configuration of your PPTP connection icon, you must provide the following parameters:

- ▶ A name for the PPTP connection icon
- ▶ The VPN server's IP address or DNS hostname, i.e. the **AST350i**'s IP address or DNS hostname.

Optionally, you can complete this entry with

- ▶ The VC's PPTP phonebook name – configured on your **AST350i** – to be used for this connection.

**Note:** Only in case multiple PPTP phonebook entries are directed towards different destinations, you must add the appropriate phonebook name to the dial-string. This allows the **AST350i** to open the session to the correct specific destination. In case all PPTP phonebook entries are directed towards the same destination, it is better not to add a phonebook name to the dial-string.

**Detailed packet service use description**

For more information on the configuration and use of the PPPoA-to-PPTP Relaying packet service, see chapter 3.



## 2.3.6 Advanced AST350i Configuration

**Overview** Use the following parts to explore **AST350i**'s capabilities:

<b>Alcatel Speed Touch™ Configuration</b>	
Bridging and Bridged PPPoE	3
PPPoA-to-PPTP Relaying	4
<b>Alcatel Speed Touch™ Networking</b>	
ATM	5
IP, DHCP and DNS	6
<b>Alcatel Speed Touch™ Maintenance</b>	
Alcatel Speed Touch™ Software	7
Alcatel Speed Touch™ Password	8
Alcatel Speed Touch™ To-Defaults	9
<b>Alcatel Speed Touch™ Appendices</b>	

**Learning more** The **AST350i** is an advanced product. Describing everything in detail goes beyond the perspective of this User's Guide.

However, in case you want to explore **AST350i**'s possibilities and interfaces in deep, you can always consult other **Alcatel Speed Touch™** DSL product's User's Guides available from Alcatel's Support website at:

*<http://www.alcatel.com>*

*<http://www.alcateldsl.com>*



---

# **Alcatel Speed Touch™ 350i**

## **Configuration**

---



## 3 Configuration – Bridging and Bridged PPPoE

### Transparent Bridging

*Transparent Bridging* is the packet service of your choice as it:

- ▶ Is platform and OS independent
- ▶ Is true multiprotocol
- ▶ Has no performance limitations in the Alcatel implementation
- ▶ Has almost no constraints on the number of attached users.

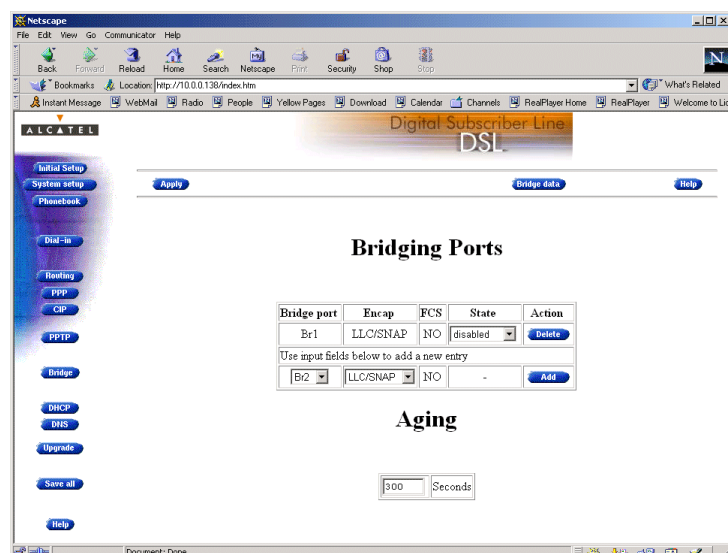
### Bridged PPPoE

The **AST350i** transparent bridge can be used in combination with a PPP over Ethernet (PPPoE) client installed on your PC.

The resulting *Bridged PPPoE* packet service provides similar dial-in experience as found on point-to-point connections.

### The 'Bridge' page

Click **Bridge** in the left pane of the **AST350i** pages to pop up the 'Bridging' page:



---

**Tables** The 'Bridging Ports' table indicates all currently configured Bridging entries and allows to add or delete entries.

The 'Aging' box indicates the aging timer of the bridge internal database. The allowed range is from 10 seconds to 12 days.

Transparent Bridging relies completely on its filtering database for its frame forwarding through the bridge. Click **Bridge data** on the 'Bridge' page to overview all current MAC entries.

---

- Adding entries**
1. Browse to the 'Bridge' page.
  2. Select the phonebook entry from the 'Bridge port' pop-down list.  
**Note:** In case the presented phonebook entries do not suite your desired configuration, you must firstly create a correct phonebook entry. See section 5.2 for more information.
  3. Select the encapsulation method for the Bridging port from the 'Encap' pop-down list (per default set to LLC/SNAP).
  4. Click **Add** and **Save all** to finish the procedure.
- 

**Deleting entries** On the 'Bridge' page, click **Delete** next to the Bridging entry you want to delete. As a result your selection is deleted.

Click **Save all**.

---

## 4 Configuration – PPPoA-to-PPTP Relaying

---

**Introduction** *PPPoA-to-PPTP Relaying*(\*) is the packet service of your choice as it:

- ▶ Provides standard Dial-in PPP behavior
- ▶ Supports security via identification, authentication and encryption
- ▶ Has multiprotocol support depending on the PPTP implementation, e.g. for MS Windows: TCP/IP, IPX/SPX and NETBEUI
- ▶ Offers complete TCP/IP protocol transparency; no NAPT is required
- ▶ Supports concurrent access to multiple remote destinations (depending on provisioning).

(\*) PPPoA-to-PPTP Relaying is also referred to as Relayed PPP over ATM (PPPoA) or PPPoA/PPTP.

---

### Topics

Topic	See
MS Windows 98 Dial-Up Networking	4.1
PPPoA/PPTP Configuration	4.2

---

## 4.1 MS Windows 98 Dial-Up Networking

---

**In this section** The following overview summarizes the necessary steps to setup a Microsoft Windows 98 PC for the use of PPPoA-to-PPTP Relaying:





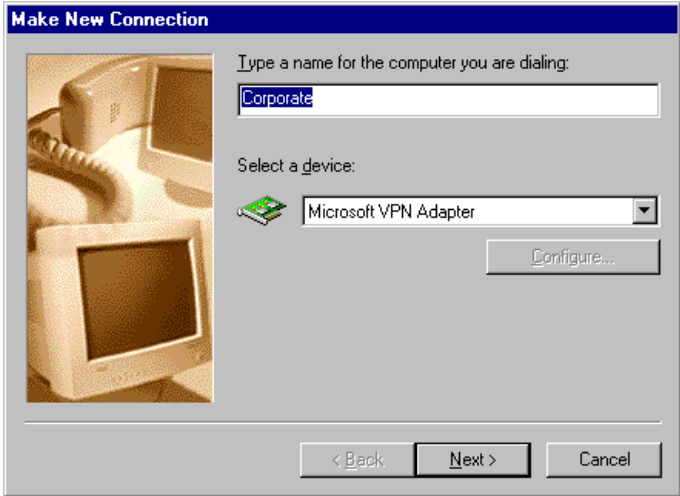
Step	Action	See
1	Configure a <i>Private</i> IP address on your PC	
2	Create a new Dial-Up Networking icon	4.1.1
5	Open a Dial-Up Session	4.1.2
6	Surf the Internet.	
7	Close a Dial-Up Session in Use	4.1.2


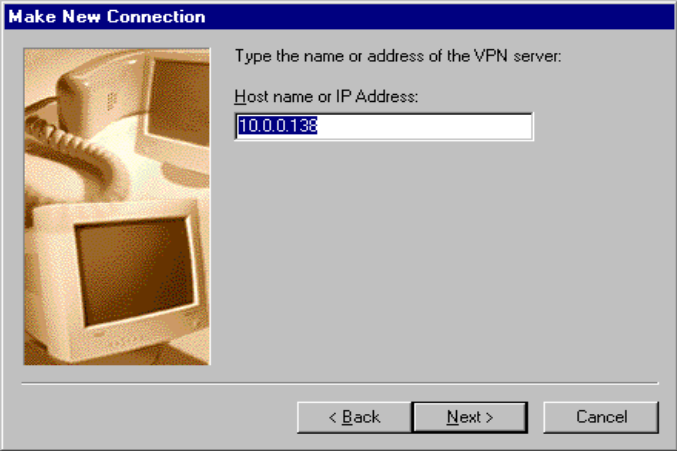

---



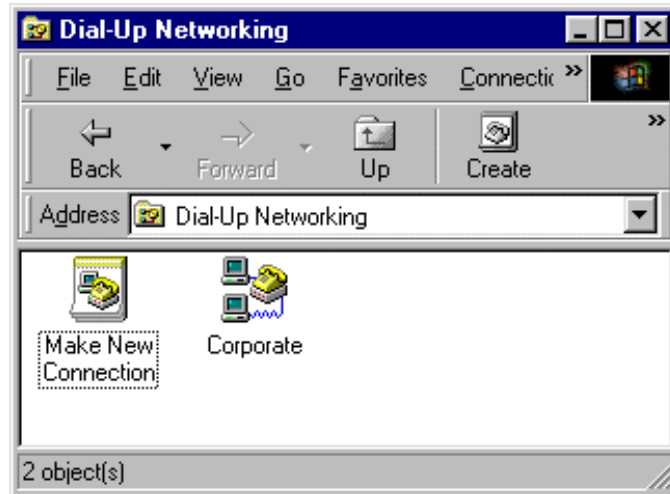
## 4.1.1 Create a New Dial-Up Networking Icon

**Procedure** Proceed as follows:

Step	Action and Description
1	<p>Double-click the 'My Computer' icon on your desktop.</p>  <p>My Computer</p>
2	<p>Double-click the 'Dial-Up Networking' icon.</p>  <p>Dial-Up Networking</p>
3	<p>Double-click the 'Make New Connection' icon to activate the 'Make New Connection' wizard.</p>  <p>Make New Connection</p>
4	<p>If you use the Dial-Up Networking application for the first time, the 'Welcome to Dial-Up Networking' window appears.</p> <p>In that case, click </p> <p>The 'Make New Connection' window pops up:</p> 

Step	Action and Description
5	In the first input field of the 'Make New Connection' window, type a name, e.g. an alias for the organization you are connecting to. <b>Note:</b> This name will appear below the Dial-Up icon at the end of this procedure.
6	In the 'Select a device' listbox of the 'Make New Connection' window you must select the 'Microsoft VPN Adapter' for PPTP tunneling.
7	Click  to pop up the VPN server window: 
8	Enter the DNS hostname or IP address of the Virtual Private Network (VPN) server. <b>Note:</b> "VPN server" is another word for PPTP server, which is in this case your <b>AST350i</b> .  The default IP address for the <b>AST350i</b> is 10.0.0.138. Its default hostname is "SpeedTouch". Optionally, you can add the phonebook name to specify which VC is to be used for the connection.
9	A window pops up confirming that you have successfully installed a new Dial-Up connection.  Click  to finish the procedure.

**Result** A new icon with the name of the connection you have just created will be added to your 'Dial-Up Networking' folder:


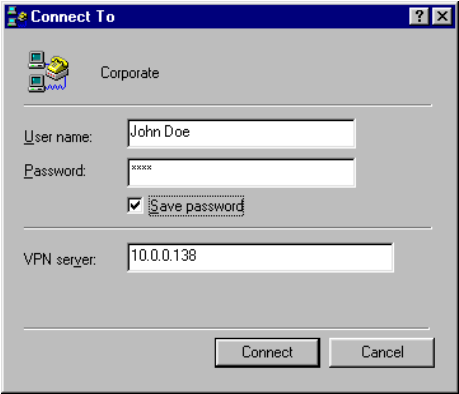




**Creating multiple  
Dial-Up icons for  
multiple destinations**

Per destination you can create a unique icon. To do so, repeat the steps starting with step 3 of the previous procedure.

## 4.1.2 Opening and Closing a Dial-Up Session

**Opening a session** Proceed as follows:

Step	Action and Description
1	<p>Double-click the appropriate Dial-Up icon in the 'Dial-Up Networking' folder or double-click its shortcut on your desktop.</p>  <p>Corporate</p> <p>The 'Connect To' window pops up:</p> 
2	<p>Fill in your <i>user name</i> and <i>password</i>, according your user account at the SP.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> If you want the current Dial-Up connection to remember your credentials for future use, check the 'Save Password' box (✓). Make sure though, that you have logged in when you boot your PC.</p>
3	<p>Click </p> <p>The 'Connecting To Corporate' window appears shortly before being minimized in the system tray:</p> 
4	Start your application now, e.g. a Web browser.

**While you are connected**

Once the Dial-Up connection is established, you can find the MSDUN icon showing two PCs connected to each other in the system tray:



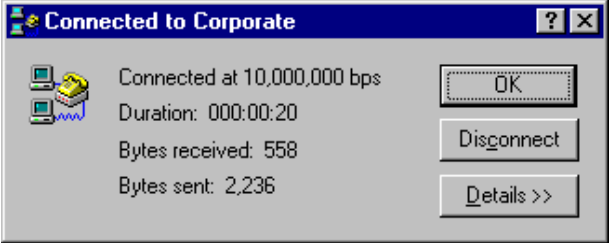
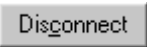


The MSDUN icon symbolizes activity on the PPPoA/PPTP connection by flashing PC(s):

- ▶ A flashing “Front” PC symbolizes upstream (Tx) link activity (from your local PC towards the **AST350i**)
- ▶ A flashing “Behind” PC symbolizes downstream (Rx) link activity (from the **AST350i** towards your PC).

**Closing a session**

Proceed as follows:

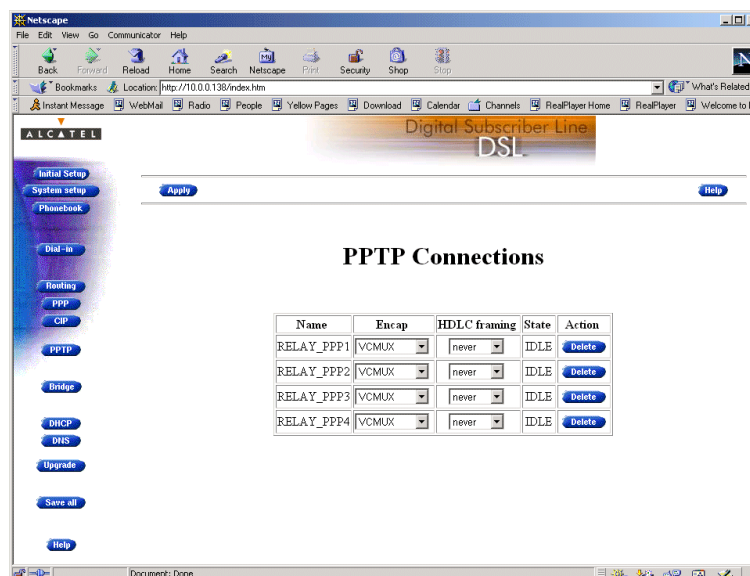
Step	Action and Description
1	<p>If the Dial-Up connection is minimized, click the MSDUN icon  in the system tray:</p>  <p>The ‘Connected To’ window pops up.</p> 
2	Click  to close the Dial-Up session.

**Result**

The PPTP tunnel to the **AST350i** will no longer exist. The PPPoA/PPTP entry on the **AST350i** is made available again for other users.

## 4.2 PPPoA/PPTP Configuration

The 'PPTP' page Click **PPTP** in the left pane of the **AST350i** pages to pop up the 'PPTP' page:



**Tables** The 'PPTP Connections' table indicates all currently configured PPPoA-PPTP Relaying entries and allows to add or delete entries.

- Adding entries**
1. Browse to the 'PPTP' page.
  2. Select the phonebook entry from the 'Name' pop-down list.
  3. Select the encapsulation method for the PPPoA/PPTP entry from the 'Encap' pop-down list (per default set to VC-MUX).
  4. Select the HDLC framing from the 'HDLC' pop-down list (per default set to "never").
  5. Click **Add** and **Save all** to finish the procedure.

**Deleting entries** On the 'PPTP' page, click **Delete** next to the PPPoA/PPTP entry you want to delete. Click **Save all** to finish the procedure.

---

# **Alcatel Speed Touch™ 350i**

## **Networking**

---





## 5 Networking – ATM

---

**Introduction** All data arriving at and departing from your **AST350i** via the DSL line is carried in Asynchronous Transfer Mode (ATM) cells.

In this way, ATM is the fundamental communication “language” for the **AST350i** towards the remote devices.

---

**In this chapter**

Topic	See
The ATM Packet Switching Technology	5.1
The <b>AST350i</b> Phonebook	5.2
AutoPVC	5.3

---

## 5.1 The ATM Packet Switching Technology

### ATM Switching

ATM is a connection-oriented packet switching technology using fixed-size packets, called *cells*.

These cells consist of a header and a payload and are switched through a public or private ATM network depending on the contents of the header.

End-to-end connections are formed by cross-connecting individual ATM segments in ATM switches.

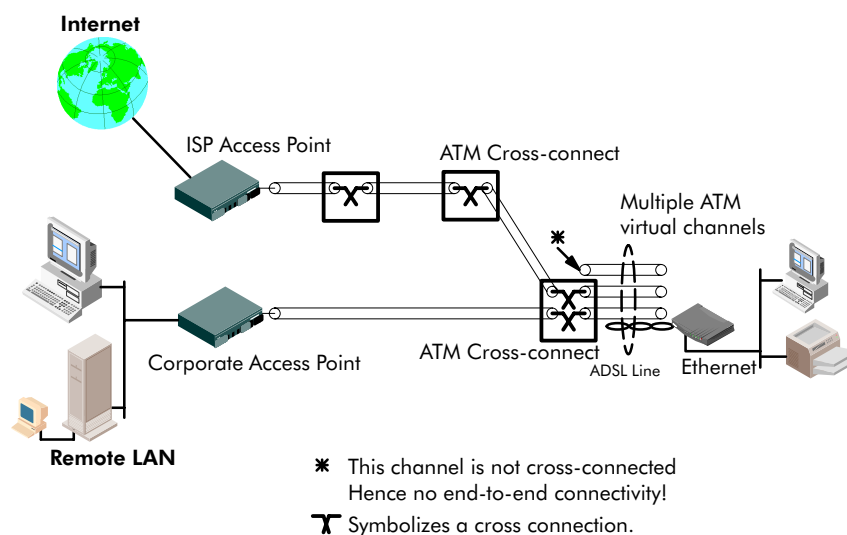
Each ATM cell carries two labels called Virtual Path Identifier (VPI) and Virtual Channel Identifier (VCI) as part of its header.

An ATM channel, commonly referred to as **Virtual Channel**, is fully identified by these two labels. Therefore, multiple ATM channels can reside on your DSL line.

All **AST350i** ATM connections are static, i.e. of type Permanent Virtual Channel (PVC).

### End-to-end ATM connectivity

The following figure provides an overview of the end-to-end architecture of the ATM connectivity; from your **AST350i** to remote access devices.



**ATM traffic handling**

ATM traffic at the **AST350i** is switched to the Ethernet port.

Inside ATM VCs any protocol can be transported. However, at both endpoints – that is where the ATM channels are terminated – the same protocol must be supported. If not, there will be no end-to-end connectivity.

Only frames recognized/supported by the **AST350i** on a particular ATM connection are extracted, or encapsulated.

Currently the supported encapsulations are:

- ▶ For **Transparently Bridged** connections:  
RFC 1483, Ethernet V2.0/IEEE 802.3 bridged PDUs for both the LLC/SNAP method and VC-MUX method
  - ▶ For **Bridged PPPoE** connections:  
RFC 1483, Ethernet V2.0/IEEE 802.3 bridged PDUs for both the LLC/SNAP method and VC-MUX method
  - ▶ For **PPPoA-to-PPTP Relaying** connections:  
RFC 2364, PPP PDUs for both the LLC/NLPID method and VC-MUX method.
-

## 5.2 The Speed Touch Phonebook

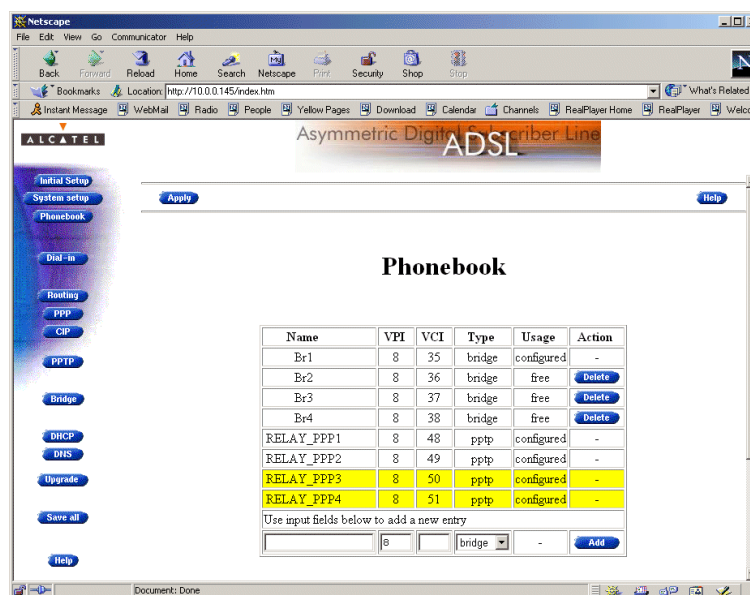
**Introduction** The **AST350i** phonebook is like any ordinary phonebook:  
*“A repository for names and numbers”.*

However, in contrast to a standard phonebook, it contains additional connectivity information.

Basic to the **AST350i** operation are ATM VCs. The **AST350i** phonebook is the management tool for all possible ATM VC connections.

This section describes how to use the **AST350i** phonebook, and consequently how to manage this VC pool.

**The ‘Phonebook’ page** Click **Phonebook** in the left pane of the **AST350i** pages to pop up the ‘Phonebook’ page:



**Tables** The 'Phonebook' table indicates all currently configured phonebook entries and allows to add or delete entries.

The 'AutoPVC' table lists all PVCs communicated via AutoPVC. If AutoPVC is not supported at the remote side, i.e. the Digital Subscriber Line Access Multiplexer (DSLAM), the 'AutoPVC' table stays empty.

---



**Restrictions for adding phonebook entries** Although you are free to give any name to a phonebook entry, a few restrictions apply:

- ▶ You may not provide an entry with a name which already is supplied in the 'Phonebook' table.
- ▶ Phonebook entries, which are intended to be used for the PPPoA-to-PPTP Relaying packet service may not start with a capital 'P', or a capital 'T'.



Each entry in the **AST350i** phonebook must have a unique VC, i.e. a unique VPI/VCI combination. Adding a phonebook entry with a VPI/VCI, which is already used in the 'Phonebook' table, will result in an error message.

---

**Adding phonebook entries** Proceed as follows:

1. Browse to the 'Phonebook' page.
2. Enter a name of your choice to identify the new phonebook entry in the 'Name' field.
3. Enter the VC's VPI and VCI values in the 'VPI' and 'VPI' fields.  
**Note:** In most cases these values are provided by your SP.
4. Select the Packet Service of your choice, or choose any from the 'Type' pop-down list.
5. Click  and  to finish the procedure.

---

**Deleting phonebook entries** On the 'Phonebook' page, click  next to the phonebook entry you want to delete. As a result your selection is deleted. Click .

---

## 5.3 AutoPVC

**AutoPVC** The default VCs, can be remotely modified via the *AutoPVC* feature of the **AST350i**. AutoPVC operates only in conjunction with the Alcatel Digital Subscriber Line Access Multiplexer (DSLAM) – often referred to as ATM Subscriber Access Multiplexer (ASAM) – and offers the functionality that user VCs, to be terminated on the Ethernet port, can be notified by the **AST350i** (AutoPVC list and yellow bar).

**Example** Suppose the SP configures one of the **AST350i**'s default **terminated VCs**, e.g. 8/35, on the DSLAM.  
VPI/VCI 8/35 will end up in the 'AutoPVC' list:

Type	VPI	VCI
bridge	8	35

As this VC matches with the Bridging entry *Br1*, this phonebook entry will be highlighted in the 'Phonebook' table:

### Phonebook

Name	VPI	VCI	Type	Usage	Action
Br1	8	35	bridge	configured	-
Br2	8	36	bridge	free	Delete

In this way the user can distinguish the activated VC from dummy phonebook entries.

## 6 Networking Services – IP, DHCP and DNS

---

**Introduction** For Internet access, and home networking, IP(\*) plays a crucial role. Due to the flexibility and the multitude of IP features, numerous configurations are possible.

(\*) Although not the same, IP is often referred to as Transmission Control Protocol (TCP)/IP.

---

### In this chapter

Topic	See
Packet Services and IP	6.1
<b>AST350i</b> Addresses	6.2
<b>AST350i</b> DHCP	6.3
<b>AST350i</b> DNS	6.4

---

## 6.1 Packet Services and IP

---

**Introduction** In this section the interaction between IP addresses and packet services is described.

Apart from Bridging, all packet services require the IP suite, and even the Bridging packet service will in most cases be used in combination with IP addressing.

---

**In this section**

Topic	See
Transparent Bridging	6.1.1
PPPoA-to-PPTP Relaying	6.1.2

---



## 6.1.1 Transparent Bridging

---

**IP vs. Bridging** Basically, Bridging does not require any IP address at all: neither in your PC(s), nor in your **AST350i**.

However, in case of Internet access, private IP networking or in case the Bridging packet service is used for Bridged PPPoE, your PC(s) must be configured for TCP/IP.

---

**Typical Bridging setup** In most cases, your SP will require you to use DHCP for your PC. In this case the DHCP server is at the remote side of the DSL connection. Therefore, your **AST350i**'s DHCP server must be disabled.

---

**Using TCP/IP and Bridging** Your SP may:

- ▶ Provide you with an IP address
- ▶ Require you to use DHCP.

---

**Local IP communication** Alternatively, a second but *Private* IP address can be manually configured for local IP communication. It depends on your OS whether it supports this combination.  
e.g. Microsoft supports Logical Multihoming via Registry keys.



### Bridging & DHCP Service

The **AST350i** DHCP server is by default **disabled**.

In case you use your **AST350i** in Bridging mode and your ISP requires you to enable DHCP in your PC(s), the DHCP server inside the **AST350i** must be disabled to avoid conflicts between two DHCP servers being active at the same time.

Setting the DHCP modes of your **AST350i** is described in section 6.3.

---

## 6.1.2 PPPoA-to-PPTP Relaying

---

**IP vs. PPPoA/PPTP** Prior to using PPTP, local IP addresses must be configured. The use of these IP addresses is limited to the local network.

---

**Private IP addresses** You are free to choose any IP address as long as it is compatible with your local network and is unique in that same network.

As the **AST350i** has a preconfigured “Net10” address (10.0.0.138), you should configure IP addresses like 10.0.0.1, 10.0.0.2, ... on your PCs.

**Note:** IP addresses can be configured automatically via **AST350i**’s DHCP server. See section 6.3 for more information.

---

**Public IP addresses** A second set of (Public) IP addresses having end-to-end scope will automatically be negotiated via the PPP protocol inside your PC(s).

---

**Simultaneous use of public & private IP** Both Public and Private IP addresses are active simultaneously because of tunneling. In fact two “nested” IP layers exist: the *Public* IP layer which is carried within the *Private* IP layer on the local LAN.

---

**PPP IP address negotiation** By default the PPTP tunnel application automatically negotiates the Public IP address.

In case your SP instructs you to use a static IP address for Relayed PPPoA, most dial-in applications allow a static IP address to be supplied.

---

## 6.2 Speed Touch Addresses

---

**Introduction** Like any other member of a LAN, the **AST350i** must be locally identified by an IP address to be able to communicate with other local LAN devices.

This section deals with the IP address configuration of the **AST350i** for local communication only.

---

**Assigning IP addresses to the AST350i** IP addresses can be assigned to the **AST350i** in several ways. Summarized, following IP address types exist:

- ▶ The default IP address: 10.0.0.138
  - ▶ IP addresses assigned via the 'Initial Setup' page
  - ▶ IP addresses assigned via a 'Ping-of-Life™
  - ▶ IP addresses assigned to the **AST350i** via DHCP.
- 

**AST350i and multiple IP addresses** As the **AST350i** IP layer supports logical multi-homing (one interface supporting multiple IP addresses), both statically and dynamically configured IP address(es) can be active at the same time.

---

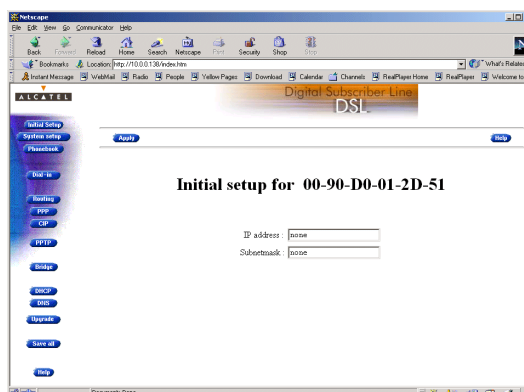
**'IP address' table** On the **AST350i** 'Routing' page the 'IP address' table summarizes all IP addresses configured on any of the **AST350i** interfaces.

---

## Setting an IP address via the 'Initial Setup' page

Proceed as follows:

1. Click **Initial Setup** in the left pane of the **AST350i** pages to pop up the 'Initial Setup' page:



2. Enter an IP address in the 'IP Address' field.
3. Enter a netmask for applying subnetting in your network in the 'Subnetmask' field.
4. Click **Apply**. As a result the new IP settings are applied:

**RESULT : the IP settings have been applied. Change the IP settings on your own machine (if needed) and point your browser at the new address (<http://10.0.0.151/>) to verify connectivity with the new configuration. Use 'Save all' to make it permanent.**

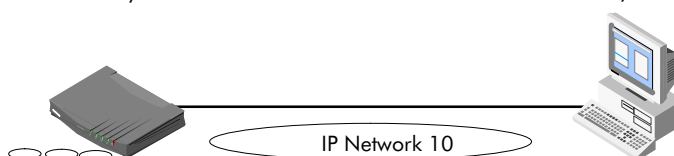
5. To verify connectivity, point your Web browser to the new IP address. Make sure though that your PC shares the same subnet.
6. Click **Save all** to store the applied IP settings to permanent storage.

## Sample configuration: single PC

In the below figure, a simple configuration is given: One PC attached to the **AST350i**:

IP address : 10.0.0.138  
(Sub)netmask : 255.255.0.0  
Default Gateway : none

IP address : 10.0.0.1  
(Sub)netmask : 255.255.0.0  
Default Gateway : none



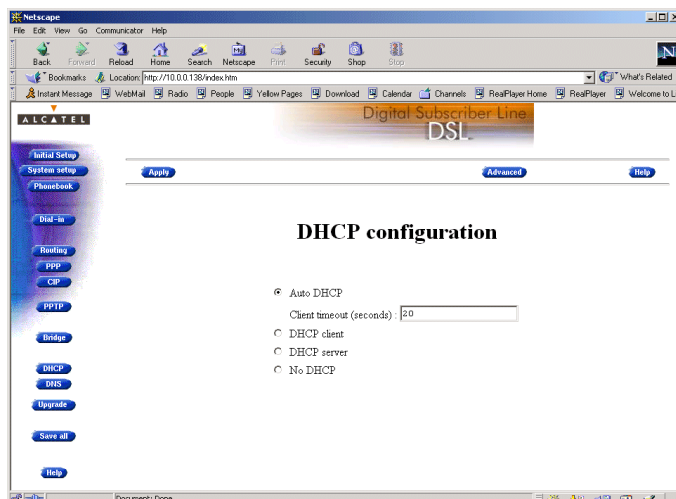
## 6.3 Speed Touch DHCP

**DHCP** Depending on the size and complexity of your network, a few DHCP configurations can be envisaged:

LAN Type	DHCP Mode	Argumentation
Simple	No	All few members of the small LAN have static IP addresses, including the <b>AST350i</b> .
Medium sized	Server	For small home LANs it might be worthwhile to configure all of your LAN devices as DHCP clients, and the <b>AST350i</b> as the DHCP server.  In this configuration each time a computer starts, it will obtain its IP configuration from the <b>AST350i</b> .
Advanced	Client	For advanced networks, the role of DHCP server might be performed by an IP node other than the <b>AST350i</b> on the local LAN.

**Default AST350i DHCP** Per default the **AST350i** DHCP server is disabled.

**The 'DHCP' page** Click **DHCP** in the left pane of the **AST350i** pages to pop up the 'DHCP' page:



**'DHCP Server Start-up Mode' radiobuttons**

The '*DHCP Server Start-up Mode*' radiobuttons allow to configure the **AST350i** DHCP server mode.

**Configuring the AST350i for a LAN without DHCP**

To setup the **AST350i** without DHCP, tick ☒ No DHCP .

In this configuration, it is assumed that all members, the **AST350i** included, have static IP addresses.

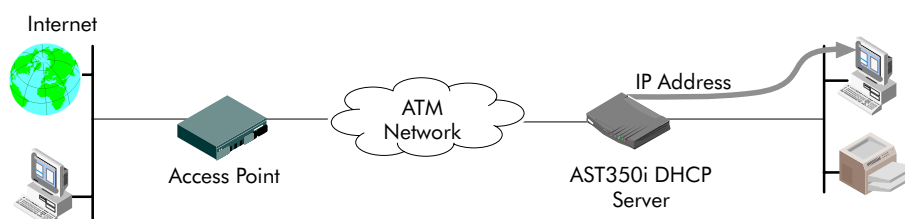
See subsection 6.2 for static IP addressing of the **AST350i**.

**Note:** This configuration might be required in case you use the Transparent Bridging packet service.

**Configuring the AST350i as DHCP server**

To setup the **AST350i** as DHCP server, tick ☒ DHCP server .

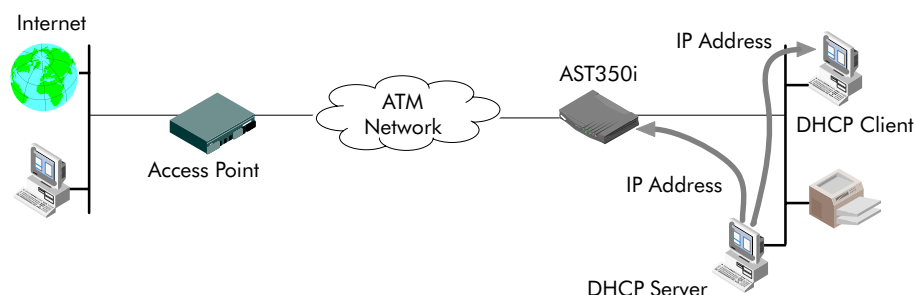
Via the '*DHCP Server Configuration*' tables, you can configure the **AST350i** DHCP server settings.



**Note:** This setting might cause side effects with Bridging. See section 6.1.1 for more information.

**Configuring the AST350i as DHCP client**

To setup the **AST350i** as DHCP client, tick ☒ DHCP client on the '*DHCP*' page.



## Configuring the AST350i for Auto DHCP

One of the **AST350i** features is that it can automatically revert from DHCP client to DHCP server.

At boot time the **AST350i** probes the LAN for a specified time limit ('*Client timeout*') to check whether another DHCP server is available on the network. If so, it will act as a DHCP client. If no response is received within the specified time, the **AST350i** becomes a DHCP server.

To allow the **AST350i** to act as Auto DHCP client/server, tick

☒ Auto DHCP .

Additionally, you can configure the '*Client timeout*' in seconds:

Client timeout (seconds) :  .

Via the '*DHCP server configuration*' tables, you can configure the **AST350i** DHCP server settings.

## DHCP server configuration

Click **Advanced** on the '*DHCP*' page to pop up the '*DHCP server configuration*' page.

You can configure following DHCP server parameters:

Field	This configures ...	Default
Addresses through ...	The range of addresses the DHCP server can choose an IP address from for lease.	"Net10"
Subnet Mask	The subnetting applied to the local network, scoped by the DHCP server.	no subnetting
Lease Time	The time (Lease Time) IP addresses can be assigned to a device by DHCP.	7200 seconds
Default Gateway	The IP address of the default gateway.	'auto' (*)
DNS Server	The IP address of the DNS server.	'auto' (**)

(\*) Setting '*auto*' in the '*Def. Gateway*' field means, that there will be referred to the '*Routing*' page.

(\*\*) Setting '*auto*' in the '*DNS server*' field means, that there will be referred to the '*DNS*' page.

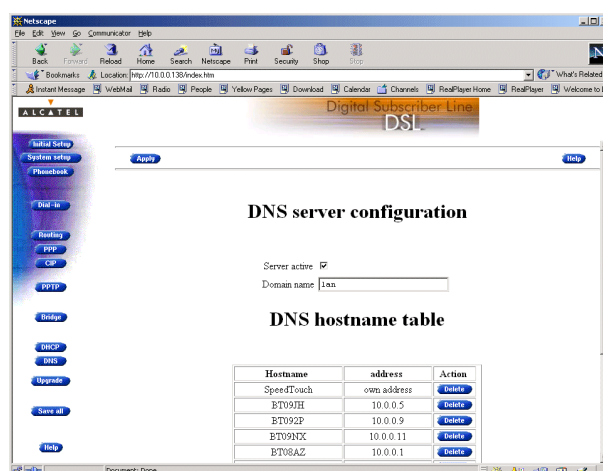
## 6.4 Speed Touch DNS

**Introduction** IP addresses are fundamental to the operation of the Internet. IP addresses, being 32-bit numbers, are ideally suited for computers but are far from usable to humans.

Therefore, the *Domain Name System (DNS)* was designed: a distributed database, held by a hierarchical system of servers, that is used by TCP/IP applications to map between hostnames and IP addresses.

This section describes **AST350i**'s DNS abilities.

**The 'DNS' page** Click **DNS** in the left pane of the **AST350i** pages to pop up the 'DNS' page:



### Configuring the DNS server

Check the 'Server active' checkbox to enable the **AST350i** DNS server (per default enabled).

In the 'Domain name' field you can enter the domain name of your LAN (default domain name is 'lan'). You may use a DNS subdomain name, e.g. *dsl.office.lan*. Click **Apply** and **Save all** to finish.



---

# **Alcatel Speed Touch™ 350i**

## **Maintenance**

---



## 7 Maintenance – Speed Touch Software

### Software Upgrade

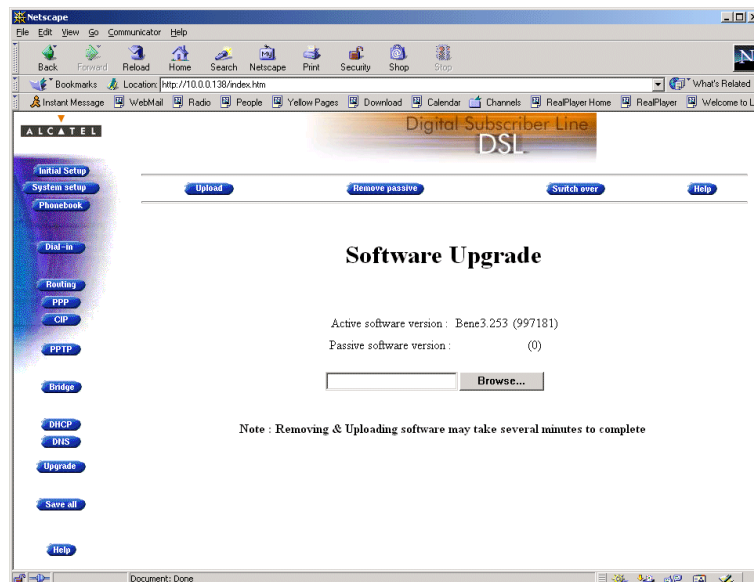
The **AST350i** supports two software upgrade possibilities:

- ▶ You can upload new **AST350i** software yourself from a PC on your local LAN
- ▶ A new version of the software can be downloaded via the DSL line to your **AST350i**.

Both features are simultaneously supported. However the final result depends on the SP's policy.

### The 'Upgrade' page

Click **Upgrade** in the left pane of the **AST350i** pages to pop up the 'Upgrade' page



**'Upgrade' page components**

The following fields are shown:

► *'Active software version'*


Indicates the software version the **AST350i** is currently using.

► *'Passive software version'*

Indicates the software version resident in the **AST350i**, but not used. This could be a newer version which is yet to be switched to active, but also a dormant older version.

► *Software path field*

Allows you to specify the path to the **AST350i** upgrade software package to be uploaded.

Clicking  allows you to browse to the location of the upgrade software.

---

**Upgrade Preconditions**

A valid **AST350i** software package must reside either on a local drive, on a floppy disk or a CD-rom.

For new software upgrade packages, please contact your SP or check the Alcatel web sites at:

*<http://www.alcatel.com>*

*<http://www.alcateldsl.com>*


---


**Software upgrade via your LAN**

Proceed as follows:


**1.** Browse to the *'Upgrade'* page.

**2.** In the *'Active software version'* field the software package that is running is labeled.



Check whether the *'Passive software version'* field is empty. If not, click .

**3.** Click  next to the *'Software path'* input field to locate the upgrade software package

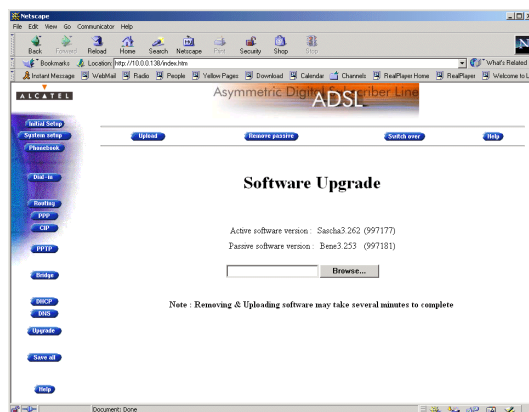
**Note:** If the path is known you can immediately enter it in the *Software path'* input field and skip steps 3. to 5. in this procedure.

4. The 'File Upload' window pops up. This window allows you to browse to the location of the upgrade software package on either your local drive, floppy, or CD-rom.
5. Click on the appropriate upgrade software package name to select it and click .

As a result, the upgrade software location will be inserted in the 'Software path' input field.

6. Click  to start the upload. As a result the upgrade software package name will appear in the 'Passive software version' field.
7. Click  to start the switching of the two versions.

After switching the versions, the **AST350i** reboots and will come online with the upgrade version. On the 'Upgrade' page you will notice that the active and passive software names are switched:



## Software upgrade via the SP

The **AST350i** supports a second software upgrade possibility: a new version of the software can be downloaded from the DSL network to your **AST350i** via dedicated control VCs.

This feature is controlled by the SP. Software download will happen almost unnoticed, while you are connected to the DSL line. The removal of a possible dormant software version, the download itself, and the switching of both versions is performed automatically.

**Note:** DSL service can be interrupted for a short period due to a reboot of the **AST350i**.



## 8 Maintenance – Speed Touch Password

**In this chapter** Your **AST350i** is a highly advanced product, operating according to the many configurations set via the **AST350i** Web interface or via the CLI.

In this way **AST350i** operation is vulnerable to misconfiguration by other users.

Therefore, the **AST350i** can be secured from such users by a system password to restrict access to the Web interface, or the CLI. This chapter describes how to set such a system password.

**Note** Never use an obvious system password to protect the **AST350i** as your name, birth date, or phone number. Moreover, you are advised to change the system password regularly.



### Forgetting the System Password

In case you forgot the system password you are no longer able to access the web interface or the CLI and you will be no longer able to (re)configure the **AST350i** settings.

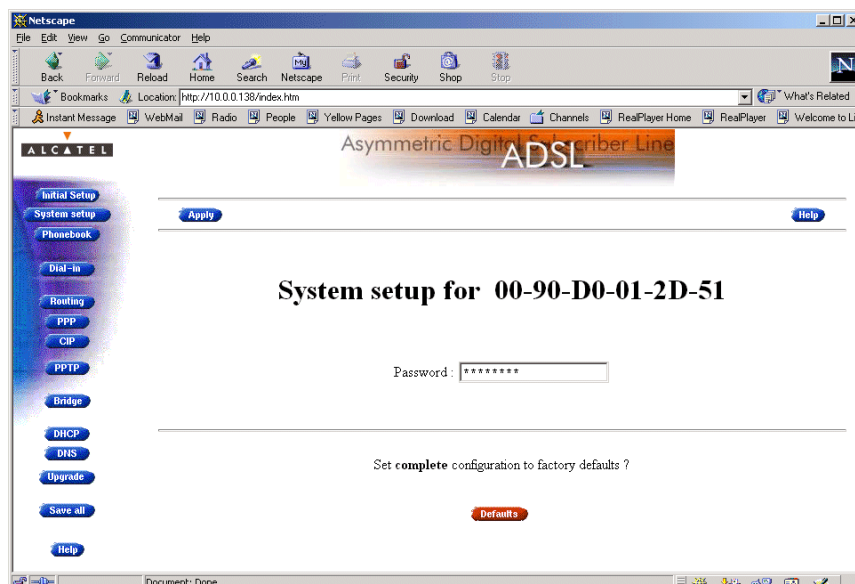
Therefore, write your system password down and keep it on a safe place.

Otherwise, a *Switch-to-Defaults* must be performed restoring all original settings of the **AST350i**.

## Setting a system password

Proceed as follows:

1. Click **System setup** on the **AST350i** pages to pop up the 'System setup' page:



2. In the 'Password' field, fill in a password.  
**Note:** Asterisks will appear instead of the password. The number of asterisks is at random.
3. Click **Apply**.
4. To make your password permanent, click **Save all**.
5. Authenticate yourself, using the system password, you just configured.

## Result

Every time you want to access the **AST350i** pages or (Telnet) CLI you must authenticate yourself, using the system password.

## Clearing a system password

To clear the **AST350i** system password you must clear the 'Password' field, i.e. delete all asterisks. Click **Apply** and **Save all** to store your changes.

No authentication is required anymore to access the **AST350i** pages or the (Telnet) CLI.



## 9 Maintenance – Speed Touch To-Defaults

---

**Introduction** Non accessibility to your **AST350i** may occur if wrongly configured, simply by forgetting its IP address, or forgetting the system password.

Due to the flexible nature of the **AST350i**, you may end up in a situation where restoring all of the original defaults is the only solution.

The **AST350i** has tools to cope with these situations.

---

### In this chapter

Topic	See
Ping-of-Life™	9.1
<b>AST350i</b> Reset	9.2

---

## 9.1 Ping-of-Life

**Introduction** The **AST350i** offers a unique method to supply an IP address to the **AST350i**'s Ethernet port.

This method, the *Ping-of-Life™*, allows to provide the **AST350i** with an IP address without affecting other configurational settings.



### IP Addresses and Subnet Masks

Make sure that the intended **AST350i** IP address and your PC share the same IP (sub)network.

If not, the ping will be submitted with the MAC address of the default router instead of the special MAC group address.

### The Ping-of-Life™ procedure

Proceed as follows:

1. Turn off the **AST350i**.
2. Open a command-line (DOS) window (Windows OS), or a terminal window (UNIX, Linux) on a PC.
3. At the command prompt execute: **arp -a**  
This allows you to overview the current entries in the ARP cache.
4. Add a static entry to the ARP cache, according to following syntax:  
  

```
arp -s <AST350i IP address> 01-90-D0-80-01-01
```

<AST350i IP address> is a placeholder for the IP address to be assigned to the **AST350i**. It can be any address within your subnet as long as it is not used by any other member of your local network.
5. To verify whether this step was successful execute **arp -a** a second time.  
In the entries list, your **arp -s** command entry should be added.
6. Initiate a continuous pinging, by executing following command:  
  

```
ping -t <AST350i IP address>
```
7. Turn on the **AST350i**.

8. After the **AST350i** finished its POST, it will configure the IP address **<AST350i IP address>** you are ping.
9. You must clear the entry in the ARP cache by issuing the following command:  
`arp -d <AST350i IP address>`
10. Verify connectivity by pinging the **AST350i** a second time:  
`ping <AST350i IP address>`  
The **AST350i** should reply.
11. Browse to the **AST350i** pages and click **Save all** to make the new IP address permanent.

### Example DOS box

In the following figure all the steps are shown as an example of setting **AST350i**'s IP address to 10.0.0.145 from a PC with an MS Windows OS:

```

C:\>arp -a
No ARP Entries Found

C:\>arp -s 10.0.0.145 01-90-d0-80-01-01

C:\>arp -a

Interface: 10.0.0.130 on Interface 0x10000003
Internet Address      Physical Address      Type
10.0.0.145            01-90-d0-80-01-01    static

C:\>ping -t 10.0.0.145

Pinging 10.0.0.145 with 32 bytes of data:

Request timed out.
Request timed out.
Request timed out.
Request timed out.
Request timed out.
Request timed out.
Reply from 10.0.0.145: bytes=32 time<10ms TTL=255
Reply from 10.0.0.145: bytes=32 time<10ms TTL=255
Reply from 10.0.0.145: bytes=32 time<10ms TTL=255
Reply from 10.0.0.145: bytes=32 time<10ms TTL=255
Reply from 10.0.0.145: bytes=32 time<10ms TTL=255
Reply from 10.0.0.145: bytes=32 time<10ms TTL=255

Ping statistics for 10.0.0.145:
    Packets: Sent = 13, Received = 7, Lost = 6 (46% loss),
    Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
        Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 0ms, Average = 0ms
Control-C
^C
C:\>arp -d 10.0.0.145

C:\>ping 10.0.0.145

Pinging 10.0.0.145 with 32 bytes of data:

Reply from 10.0.0.145: bytes=32 time<10ms TTL=255
Reply from 10.0.0.145: bytes=32 time<10ms TTL=255
Reply from 10.0.0.145: bytes=32 time<10ms TTL=255
Reply from 10.0.0.145: bytes=32 time<10ms TTL=255

Ping statistics for 10.0.0.145:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
    Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
        Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 0ms, Average = 0ms

C:\>

```

## 9.2 Speed Touch Reset

### Overview of the To-Defaults methods

To restore **AST350i**'s original settings, three methods are provided:

- ▶ Two local software methods:
  - *Browse-to-Defaults*  
Which sets all parameters to original defaults, but keeps the system password and IP address.
  - *Ping-to-Defaults™*  
Which sets all parameters to original defaults, including the system password and IP address.
- ▶ One hardware method: *Switch-to-Defaults*.



### CAUTION

#### Restoring Original Settings

Be careful when using the *Browse-to-Defaults*, *Ping-to-Defaults™*, or the *Switch-to-Defaults* procedures as these destroy changes you previously made to the **AST350i** internal settings.

A reset to defaults via a *Ping-to-Defaults™*, or via a *Switch-to-Defaults*, also implies the **AST350i**'s IP address is reset to 10.0.0.138.

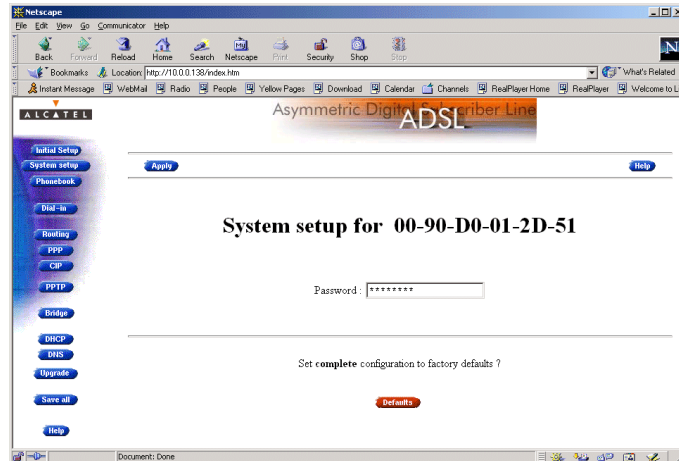
### In this section

Topic	See
Browse-to-Defaults	9.2.1
Ping-to-Defaults™	9.2.2
Switch-to-Defaults	9.2.3

## 9.2.1 Browse-to-Defaults

**Procedure** Proceed as follows:

1. Click **System setup** on the **AST350i** pages to pop up the 'System setup' page:



2. Click **Defaults** if you are sure to reset the **AST350i** to its original defaults.
3. The **AST350i** will ask to confirm the reset:

**Confirm reset to defaults of complete configuration**

**OK** Cancel

4. Click **OK** if you are sure. Otherwise click Cancel.
5. Click **Save all** to make the Browse-to-Defaults permanent.
6. Press the reload button of your Web browser.

### Browse-to-Defaults result

After reset, all original configurations of the **AST350i** are restored, except the **AST350i** Ethernet IP address(es).

## 9.2.2 Ping-to-Defaults

---

**Introduction** A second software method to reset all settings to the original defaults is the *Ping-to-Defaults™*.  
The technique is identical to that used for the *Ping-of-Life™*, except that another MAC address is used, i.e. **01-90-D0-80-01-FF**.

---

**Procedure** Proceed as follows:

1. Turn off the **AST350i**.
2. Open a command-line (DOS) window (Windows OS), or a terminal window (UNIX, Linux) on a PC.
3. Add a static entry to the ARP cache, according to following syntax:  

```
arp -s <any IP address> 01-90-D0-80-01-FF
```

<any IP address> can be any address within your subnet as long as it is not used by any other member of your local network.
4. To verify whether this step was successful execute **arp -a**
5. Initiate a continuous pinging, by executing following command:  

```
ping -t <any IP address>
```
6. Turn on the **AST350i**.
7. After the **AST350i** finished its POST, it will perform a reset to default settings.
8. You must clear the entry in the ARP cache by issuing the following command:  

```
arp -d <any IP address>
```
9. If needed, reconfigure the **AST350i** IP address, e.g. via a *Ping-of-Life™*.

---

**Note** The used <any IP address> to perform a *Ping-to-Defaults™* is not assimilated by your **AST350i**. The **AST350i** will restart with the original defaults, including the default IP address 10.0.0.38.

---

## 9.2.3 Switch-to-Defaults

---

**Introduction** At the back of the **AST350i** there is a small push button labeled "Defaults".

Via this button a hardware reset of the **AST350i**, the *Switch-to-Defaults*, is possible.

---

**Procedure** Proceed as follows:

1. Make sure your **AST350i** is turned on.
2. Use a pencil to press the push button at the back of the **AST350i**.
3. Release the button. Via the flashing front panel LEDs, you will notice that the **AST350i** will reboot.

Wait to allow the POST to end. The **AST350i** will come online with manufacturing defaults.

4. After a reset to original defaults a reconfiguration of **AST350i**'s IP address might be necessary. This because the reset to defaults also resets your **AST350i**'s IP address to its default value 10.0.0.138.
-





---

# **Alcatel Speed Touch™ 350i**

## **Appendices**

---



## Abbreviations

ADSL	Asymmetric Digital Subscriber Line
ASAM	ATM Subscriber Access Multiplexer
ATM	Asynchronous Transfer Mode
CLI	Command Line Interface
DNS	Domain Name System
DSLAM	Digital Subscriber Line Access Multiplexer
DTE	Data Terminal Equipment
GUI	Graphical User Interface
IP	Internet Protocol
ISDN	Integrated Services Digital Network
ISP	Internet Service Provider
ITU	International Telecommunication Union
LAN	Local Area Network
NIC	Network Interface Card
OS	Operating System
PC	Personal Computer
POST	Power On Self Test
PPP	Point-to-Point Protocol
PPPoA	PPP over ATM
PPPoE	PPP over Ethernet
PPTP	Point-to-Point Tunnelling Protocol
PVC	Permanent Virtual Channel
RAS	Remote Access Server
REN	Ringer Equivalence Number
ROW	Rest Of the World
SELV	Safety Electronic Low Voltage
SP	Service Provider
TCP	Transmission Control Protocol
TNV	Telecommunication Network Voltage
URL	Uniform Resource Locator
VC	Virtual Channel

VCI	Virtual Channel Identifier
VP	Virtual Path
VPI	Virtual Path Identifier
VPN	Virtual Private Network

## AppendixA

## Speed Touch Troubleshooting

---

**Introduction** This appendix provides information on how to identify and correct some common problems you may encounter when using and configuring the **AST350i**.

If the following troubleshooting tips have not resolved the problem, contact the company from which you purchased the **AST350i** for assistance.

---

**Configuration problems** In case you encounter DSL connectivity problems due to misconfiguration, you might consider a reset to original defaults. However, be aware that a reset to original defaults destroys all configurational changes you made to the **AST350i** internal settings.

---

**Trouble solving table** The following table provides possible solutions to some problems:

Problem	Solution
<b>AST350i</b> does not work. (none off the LEDs lights up)	Make sure the <b>AST350i</b> is plugged into an electrical outlet.
	Make sure the power switch on the <b>AST350i</b> modem is turned on.
No Ethernet connectivity. LAN LED does not light up. Ethernet port(s) link integrity LED does not light up.	Make sure the cable(s) are securely connected to the 10Base-T port(s).
	Make sure you are using the correct cable type for your Ethernet equipment.
Telnet session from a Windows PC is not possible.	The <b>AST350i</b> system password is longer than 8 characters. Change the <b>AST350i</b> system password.
Poor <b>AST350i</b> performance.	Make sure the <b>AST350i</b> is installed as instructed in this User's Guide and/or as instructed by the SP.
	For ADSL service, check whether a central splitter or dedicated filters are installed properly.
No Line synchronization achieved. Line Sync LED keeps flashing	Make sure ADSL service is enabled on the wall outlet your <b>AST350i</b> is connecting to.
	Make sure an ADSL <b>AST350i</b> variant is used for your ADSL service.

## AppendixB

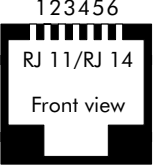
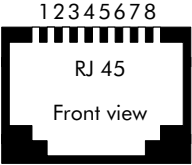
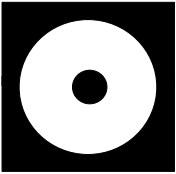
## Speed Touch Specifications

### In this appendix

Topic	See
Connector Pin Assignments	B.1
Power Supply Adapter	B.2
LAN Cables Layout	B.3
Physical Specifications	B.4
ADSL Specifications	B.5

## B.1 Connector Pin Assignments

### AST350 port description

Name	Port	Pin No.	Signal Name	Function	Model Reference
Line (ADSL/ISDN)		2	Wire A	Subscriber line wire A	2/5 ADSL variant
		3	Wire A	Subscriber line wire A	3/4 ADSL variant
		4	Wire B	Subscriber line wire B	
		5	Wire B	Subscriber line wire B	2/5 ADSL variant
10Base-T MDI-X		1	R <sub>X</sub> +	Receive data from DTE(*) (+)	
		2	R <sub>X</sub> –	Receive data from DTE(*) (–)	
		3	T <sub>X</sub> +	Transmit data to DTE(*) (+)	
		6	T <sub>X</sub> –	Transmit data to DTE(*) (–)	
DC		Inner	+9V <sub>DC</sub>	Power supply connection (+)	
		Outer	GND	Power supply connection (ground)	

(\*) Data Terminal Equipment (DTE)

**Free connector pins** Connector pins not mentioned are not connected.



## B.2 Power Supply Adapter

**Power adapter use** The **AST350i** is equipped with the following pluggable power supply adapter:

Model Reference	AC/DC	Plugtype	AULT, Inc. Model (or equivalent)
ROW(*) model	230V/9V	Euro wall plug	D48-091000-Axxxx

Due to the special characteristics of the output class II AC adaptor, use only the listed **AULT, Incorporated** type or equivalents.

(\*) Rest Of the World (ROW)

**Output specifications** The supplied adapter has the following output specifications:

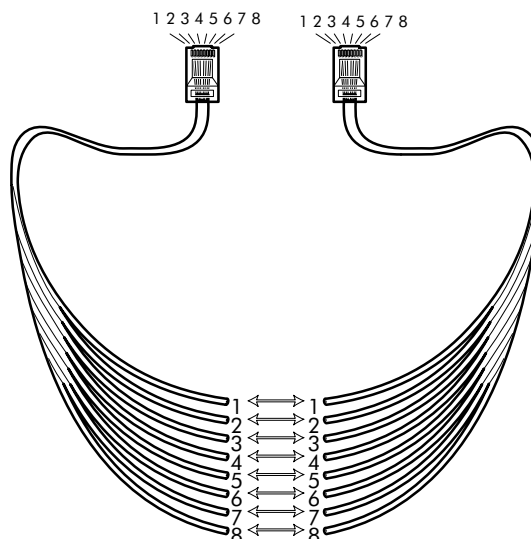
- ▶ 9V<sub>DC</sub>/1A unregulated output voltage
- ▶ Maximum 860 mV<sub>eff</sub> ripple voltage
- ▶ Maximum 1A output current
- ▶ Limited power source (according to IEC/EN 60950, sub-clause 2.11 and UL1950).

**Note:** Do not use power adapter types with other specifications (e.g. from other Alcatel Speed Touch™ products) !

## B.3 LAN Cables Layout

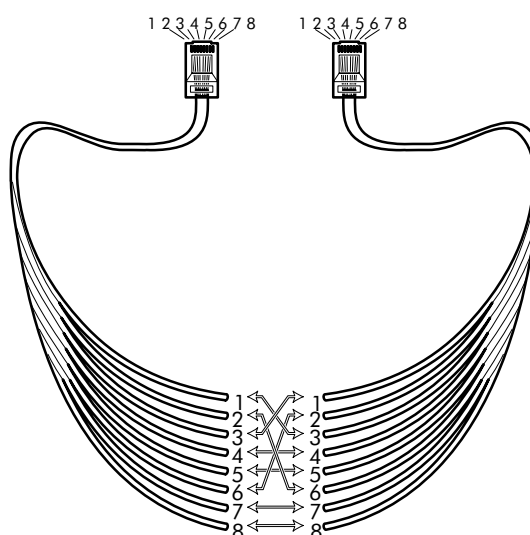
### **Straight-through LAN cable**

Straight-through LAN cables with the following layout are applicable for interconnecting Ethernet ports:



### **Crossover LAN cable**

Crossover LAN cables with the following layout are applicable for interconnecting Ethernet ports:



## B.4 Physical Specifications

---

**Physical dimensions** 210mm W x 185mm D x 35mm H

---

**Operating environment** Temperature: 5°C to 40°C (40F to 105F)  
Humidity: 20% to 80%

---

**Power requirements** AC voltage: 100 to 120 V<sub>AC</sub>, 220 to 240 V<sub>AC</sub>  
DC voltage: 9V/1A  
Frequency: 50/60 Hz  
Power consumption: 7W<sub>max</sub>

---

**Ports characteristics** The external ports on the back panel are classified as follows:

- ▶ **DC input port**  
SELV circuit (\*)
- ▶ **10Base-T/MDI-X**  
SELV circuit
- ▶ **Console RS232 port**  
SELV circuit
- ▶ **Line DSL port**  
TNV-3 circuit (\*\*)

(\*) Safety Electronic Low Voltage (SELV)

(\*\*) Telecommunication Network Voltage (TNV) Category 3

---

## B.5 ADSL Specifications

### **ADSL modem specifications**



#### **ADSL data rates**

- Downstream user (payload) data rates:  
Up to 8Mbit/s, depending on provisioning
- Upstream user (payload) data rates:  
Up to 1Mbit/s, depending on provisioning



#### **ADSL/ISDN standards compliancy**

- ETSI TS 101 388
- ITU(\*) G.DMT (Full rate ITU G.992.1 Annex B)
- ITU G.Handshake (Automode ITU G.994.1)

(\*) International Telecommunication Union (ITU)

## AppendixC Speed Touch Default Assignments

---

### In this chapter

Topic	See
General Defaults	C.1
Connection Service/ATM Encapsulation Defaults	C.2

---

## C.1 General Defaults

---

<b>AST350i IP address</b>	10.0.0.138
---------------------------	------------

---

<b>AST350i DNS name</b>	SpeedTouch
-------------------------	------------

---

<b>AST350i domain name</b>	lan
----------------------------	-----

---

<b>AST350i DNS server</b>	Active
---------------------------	--------

---

<b>AST350i DHCP server</b>	Disabled
----------------------------	----------

---

<b>AST350i Master Firewall</b>	Enabled
--------------------------------	---------

---

<b>STHome system password</b>	Not set
-------------------------------	---------

---

## C.2 Connection Service/ATM Encapsulation Defaults

### Ethernet port

VPI	VCI	Upper Layer Protocols	Service channel
8	35	<b>Bridge</b> AAL5/RFC1483/Bridged RFC1483 LLC/SNAP for Bridged PDUs (FCS not preserved)	Transparent Bridging Bridged PPPoE
8	36		
8	37		
8	38		
8	48	<b>PPTP</b> AAL5/RFC2364 RFC2364 VC-MUX for PPP PDUs	PPPoA-to-PPTP Relaying
8	49		
8	50		
8	51		

### Control channels

VPI	VCI	Upper Layer Protocols	Service channel
0	21	—	DSL/ATM Loopback channel
1	21		
15	16	AAL5/SNMP	SNMP/ASAM agent communication channel for Alcatel ASAM
15	64	AAL5/TFTP	Software TFTP download channel





## AppendixD Safety and Agency Regulatory Notices

**Aim of this appendix** This appendix provides basic Safety Information on Alcatel's **Speed Touch™** product.  
Prior to using the **Speed Touch™** product, read this appendix carefully.

**Reading all instructions** Follow all warnings and instructions marked on the product.

**In this appendix** This chapter covers the following topics:

Topic	See
Safety Instructions	D.1
European Declaration of Conformity	D.2
Radio Frequency Interference Statement	D.3
Canadian Class B Notice	D.4



**STORE THESE INSTRUCTIONS CAREFULLY**



---

**Directive**      Unless expressly and unambiguously approved by Alcatel, you may not:

- ▶      disassemble, de-compile, reverse engineer, trace or otherwise analyse the equipment, its content, operation, or functionality, or otherwise attempt to derive source code (or the underlying ideas, algorithms, structure or organization) from the equipment or from any other information provided by Alcatel, except to the extent that this restriction is expressly prohibited by local law;
- ▶      copy, rent, loan, re-sell, sublicense, or otherwise transfer or distribute the equipment to others;
- ▶      modify, adapt or create a derivative work of the equipment;
- ▶      remove from any copies of the equipment any product identification, copyright or other notices;
- ▶      disseminate performance information or analysis (including, without limitation, benchmarks) from any source relating to the equipment.

Such acts not expressly approved by Alcatel will result in the loss of product warranty and will invalidate the user's authority to operate this equipment.

---

## D.1 Safety Instructions

- 
- Climatic conditions** The **Speed Touch**™ product equipment is intended for:
- ▶ In-house stationary desktop use; the maximum ambient temperature may not exceed 40°C (104°F).
  - ▶ It must not be mounted in a location exposed to direct or excessive solar and/or heat radiation.
  - ▶ It must not be exposed to heat trap conditions and must not be subjected to water or condensation.
  - ▶ It must be installed in a Pollution Degree 2 environment.
- 

**Cleaning** Unplug this product from the wall outlet before cleaning. Do not use liquid cleaners or aerosol cleaners. Use a damp cloth for cleaning.

---

**Water and moisture** Do not use this product near water, for example, near a bathtub, wash bowl, kitchen sink, laundry tub, in a wet basement or near a swimming pool.

---

**Power supply adapter** The **Speed Touch**™ product comes with a portable power supply adapter.

Due to the special characteristics of the output of the class II AC adaptor, only use the models or equivalent listed in the power adapter table in this User's Guide.

---

**Power sources** The powering of this product must adhere to the power specifications indicated on the marking labels. If you are unsure of the type of power supply to your home, consult your product dealer or local power company.

The mains socket outlet must be close to the equipment and easily accessible.

The **Speed Touch**™ product equipment is not intended to be connected to an IT-type power system.

---

---

<b>Power cord protection</b>	Do not allow anything to rest on the power cord. Do not locate this product where the cord will be subject to persons walking on it.
------------------------------	--

---

<b>Overloading</b>	Do not overload wall (mains) outlets and extension cords as this increases the risk of fire or electric shock.
--------------------	--

---

<b>Servicing</b>	<p>To reduce the risk of electric shock, do not disassemble this product. None of its internal parts are user-replaceable; therefore, there is no reason to access the interior. Opening or removing covers may expose you to dangerous voltages. Incorrect reassembly could cause electric shock if the appliance is subsequently used.</p> <p>If service or repair work is required, take it to a qualified service dealer.</p>
------------------	---

---

<b>Damage requiring service</b>	<p>Unplug this product from the wall outlet and refer servicing to qualified service personnel under the following conditions:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>▶ When the power supply cord or plug is damaged or frayed.</li><li>▶ If liquid has been spilled into the product.</li><li>▶ If the product has been exposed to rain or water.</li><li>▶ If the product does not operate normally.</li><li>▶ If the product has been dropped or damaged in any way.</li><li>▶ If the product exhibits a distinct change in performance.</li></ul>
---------------------------------	---

---

**Modem/Telephone use**

Avoid using a modem/telephone (other than a cordless type) during an electric storm. There is a slight risk of electric shock caused by lightning.

Do not use the telephone to report a gas leak in the vicinity of the leak.

If telephone service is required on the same line, a central splitter, or distributed filter(s) must be installed for optimal DSL performance.

Depending on your DSL configuration and type of splitter/filters, installation must be carried out by qualified service personnel.

Consult your telephone service company or DSL service provider for instructions.

---

**Modifications**

Changes or modifications not expressly approved by Alcatel could invalidate the users authority to operate this equipment.



**STORE THESE INSTRUCTIONS CAREFULLY**



## D.2 European Community Declaration of Conformity



---

Products with the **CE** marking comply with both EMC and Low Voltage Directives issued by the Commission of the European Community.

---

### **EC Declaration of Conformity**

---

A copy of the European Community Declaration of Conformity is provided in your **Speed Touch™** product shipping box.

---

## D.3 Radio Frequency Interference Statement

This device has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against such interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy. If not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, it may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment ON and OFF, the user is encouraged to try correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- ▶ Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna
- ▶ Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver
- ▶ Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected
- ▶ Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/television technician for help.

This equipment complies with Part 68 of the FCC Rules. On the back of this equipment is a label that contains, among other information, the FCC certification number (FCC ID) and Ringer Equivalence Number (REN) for this equipment. If requested, this information must be provided to the telephone company.

An FCC compliant telephone cord and modular plug is provided with this equipment. This equipment is designed to be connected to the telephone network or premises wiring using a compatible modular jack that is Part 68 compliant.

The Ringer Equivalence Number (REN) is used to determine the quantity of devices that may be connected to the telephone line. Excessive RENs on the telephone line may result in the devices not ringing in response to an incoming call. Typically, the sum of RENs should not exceed five (5.0). To be certain of the number of devices that may be connected to a line (as determined by the total RENs) contact the local telephone company.

If this equipment causes harm to the telephone network, the telephone company will notify you in advance that temporary discontinuance of service may be required. But if advance notice is not practical, the telephone company will notify the customer as soon as possible. Also you will be advised of your right to file a complaint with the FCC if you believe it is necessary.

The telephone company may make changes to its facilities, equipment, operations or procedures that could affect the operation of the equipment. If this happens the telephone company will provide advance notice so you can make the necessary modifications to maintain uninterrupted service.

If the equipment is causing harm to the telephone network, the telephone company may request that you disconnect the equipment until the problem is resolved. Connection to party lines is subject to state tariffs (contact the state public utility commission, public service commission or corporation commission for information).

**No repairs can be performed by the customer, if you experience trouble with this equipment for repair or warranty information, please contact: (919) 850-1231 for locations in North America.**

## D.4 Canadian DOC Class B Notice

---

### **Notification of Canadian RF Interference Statements**

This digital apparatus does not exceed the Class B limits for radio noise emissions from digital apparatus as set out in the radio interference regulations of the Canadian Department of Communication.

Le présent appareil numérique n'émet pas de bruits radioélectriques dépassant les limites applicable aux appareils numérique de classe B prescrites dans le règlement sur le brouillage radioélectrique édicté par le Ministère des Communications du Canada.

---